2/13/24, 3:20 PM District Advisory



Gramin Krishi Mausam Sewa District Level Agromet Advisory Bulletin

Orissa University of Agriculture & Technology, Bhubaneswar



Agromet Advisory Bulletin

Date: 13-02-2024

Weather Forecast of District GAJAPATI(Odisha) Issued On: 2024-02-13(Valid Till 08:30 IST of the next 5 days)

Parameter	2024-02-14	2024-02-15	2024-02-16	2024-02-17	2024-02-18
Rainfall(mm)	0.0	0.0	5.0	10.0	0.0
Tmax(°C)	34.0	34.0	31.0	29.0	32.0
Tmin(°C)	18.0	19.0	19.0	20.0	18.0
RH-I(%)	66	48	57	58	58
RH-II(%)	22	17	15	17	19
Wind Speed(kmph)	7	6	5	5	5
Wind Direction(Degree)	171	202	198	195	202
Cloud Cover(Octa)	1	4	7	8	2

Weather Summary/Alert:

According to the weather forecast received from India Meteorological Department, the district is likely to dry on Wednesday and Saturday and may receive light rain on Thursday & Friday with mainly clear to cloudy sky. The wind speed is likely to remain within 05.0 to 07.0 kmph for the next five days. The daily maximum and minimum temperature may range from 29.0°C to 34.0°C and 18.0°C to 20.0°C respectively. Relative humidity during the morning and the afternoon may range between 48 to 66 percent and 15 to 22 percent respectively.

General Advisory:

The mean maximum daily temperature was 34.5°C and the mean minimum daily temperature was 17.6°C of the Gajapati district during the last week. The district received 0.6 mm of rainfall during the last week. If rabi green gram, black gram, mustard, peas, Sunflower, etc. crops are in the harvesting stage then harvest them and also shift them to a safe place. Plan for irrigation to summer paddy and other crops observing soil moisture. Carry on intercultural operation, fertilizer, and weedicide application. Continue harvesting matured tomato, cabbage, cauliflower, and other crops. Spray insecticides or pesticides in crops as per requirement.

SMS Advisory:

If there will be adequate moisture in the field then sowing of summer green gram, black gram and cowpea should be done.

Crop Specific Advisory:

Crop (Stage)	Crop Specific Advisory
	Farmers those who have already transplanted should apply 35 kg Urea per acre at 3 weeks after transplanting at active tillering stage for high yielding paddy varieties. In transplanted and broadcasted paddy to control grasses, sedges and broadleaf weeds farmers are advised to spray, Bispyribac Sodium 10% E.C. @ 80 ml/acre or Ethoxysulfuron 15% WDG @ 40-gram acre at 3 to 4 leaf stage by mixing in 200-litre of water.If only broad leaf weeds and

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	sedges are dominant in the field spray ready mix Metsulfuron methyl 10% + Chlorimuronethyl 10% WP @ 8-gram /acre at 20-25 DAT by mixing in 200 litre of water. Always use flat-fan or flood-jet nozzle and clean water for herbicide spraying. Drain out excess water from paddy field before herbicide application and irrigate the field after two days of application of herbicide.
GROUNDNUT	To manage aphids, and thrips spray Neem Based Pesticide 300 PPM @ 1-litre /acre during primary stage of infestation. If the infestation is severe than spray Thiamethoxam 25% W.G @ 40 gram/acre or Imidacloprid 17.8% SL @ 50-ml/acre by mixing it in 200 litre of water. To manage leaf miner in groundnut spray neem Based Pesticide 300 PPM @ 1-litre /acre during primary stage of infestation. To manage leaf miner chemically spray Profenophos 50% EC @ 400 ml/acre or Chlorpyriphos 50% + Cypermethrin 5 % E.C @ 400 ml/acre by mixing it in 200 -litre of water. There may be chances of incidence of tikka disease in groundnut. Due to the disease incidence, black & nearly circular spots appear on the lower surface of the leaflets of infected plant. Lesions are rough in appearance. In extreme cases many lesions coalesce resulting in premature senescence and shedding of the leaflets. To manage this disease spray Chlorothalonil 75% @ 400-gram/ acre or Mancozeb 75% WP @ 600- gram/acre or Hexaconazole 5% E.C @ 300-ml/acre.

Crop Specific Advisory

Horticulture Specific Advisory:

Crop (Stage)

Horticulture (Stage)	Horticulture Specific Advisory
TOMATO	The transplanted tomato crop is at fruit development to maturity (nine to twelve week) stage in main field. There are chances of infestation of whiteflies in Tomato Crop. Both nymphs and adults of whiteflies cause direct damage by sucking sap from the underside of the plant. The damage symptoms of whiteflies in tomato are chlorotic spots, yellowing of leaves, upward curling, and finally drying of leaves. Whiteflies are also vector of viral diseases which can result in total crop losses. To manage this pest in Tomato crop, use yellow sticky traps @ 8- 10/acre to attract and kill the insects. During primary stage of pest infestation spray neem-based pesticide 1500 PPM @ 600-ml/acre by mixing in 200-litre of water. To manage this pest chemically spray Thiamethoxam 25 % WG @ 40-gram/acre or Pyriproxifen 10% EC @ 200-ml/acre or Spiromesifen 22.9% SC @ 250-ml/acre by mixing in 200-litre of water. To manage fruit borer in tomato first collect and destroy the affected fruits and grown-up larvae. Set up 20 nos. of pheromone trap having Helilure per acre. During primary stage of pest infestation spray neem-based pesticide 1500 PPM @ 600-ml/acre by mixing in 200-litre of water. Go for spraying of insecticide if there are 10% fruits infested with borer. For chemical control spray Chlorantraniliprole 18.5% S.C. @ 80 -ml/acre or Flubendiamide 39.5 % M/M S.C @ 40-ml/acre or Indoxacarb 14.5% S.C. @ 200-ml/acre. For spraying of insecticides 200 litre of water per acre is required. Use any of the above insecticides alternately at 15 days interval.
ONION	Onion Seedlings of 8-weeks old which are 12-15 cm in height should be planted in the main field. Before transplanting apply 10 tonnes of Compost, 52 kg of DAP, 30 kg of Muriate of Potash 20 kg of urea and 20 kg of sulphur and mix it to the soil uniformly. Transplant the seedlings in line by keeping the row to row spacing at 25 cm and plant to plant spacing at 10 cm. Farmers those who have already transplanted onion seedlings, should go for inter culture and hand weeding at 15-20 DAT. Apply 30-kg of urea and 15-kg of MOP fertilizer at this stage. Again, inter culture and hand weeding may be carried out at 45-50 DAT and application of 30-kg of urea and 15-kg of MOP fertilizer should be done at this stage. Onion being a shallow rooted crop, needs frequent light irrigation to maintain optimum soil moisture for proper growth and bulb development. Rabi crop needs 10-15 irrigations at 7-10 days interval depending upon the soil moisture condition.

Live Stock Specific Advisory:

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Live Stock	Live Stock Specific Advisory	
COW	The space left for ventilation must be closed in night, as the night temperature is expected to fall in coming days. Provide sufficient clean drinking water to animals. Don't feed wet or water soaked straw to cattle. Before feeding dry it well under Sun. Animal's shed and its floor should not remain wet and cool for longer periods of time. This may expose the animals, especially younger ones, to various ailments like pneumonia, fever, coccidiosis, diarrhea and even death in severe cases. Good ventilation must be ensured during winter. Vaccinate calves above 3 months against Food and Mouth disease.	
GOAT	PPR disease also known as 'Goat Plague' is common during winter. This vira disease that affects goats and sheep which causes sudden fever, pneumonia and coughing. Affected animals appear restless, have a dull coat, dry muzzle and depressed appetite. Pregnant animals may abort. Vaccinate the animals.	

Fishieries Specific Advisory:

Fishieries	Fishieries Specific Advisory
COMMON CARP	In the prevailing winter, there is a possibility of "EUS" (Epizootic vicerative syndrome). Farmers are advised to apply "Citax" @ 400 ml with 40l of water in one acre pond area as preventive measure. Fishes should be feed daily oil cake bran mixture @ of 2-3%, of their biomass.

Poultry Specific Advisory:

Poultry	Poultry Specific Advisory		
	To protect the poultry from cold, cover the farm with polythene or gunny bag. Provision for 2 watt light bulb per chick to ensure their health from cold		
	wave.		