



**Gramin Krishi Mausam Sewa**  
**District Level Agromet Advisory Bulletin**  
 Orissa University of Agriculture & Technology,  
 Bhubaneswar



## Agromet Advisory Bulletin

Date : 26-12-2023

Weather Forecast of District MAYURBHANJ(Odisha) Issued On : 2023-12-26(Valid Till 08:30 IST of the next 5 days)

Parameter	2023-12-27	2023-12-28	2023-12-29	2023-12-30	2023-12-31
Rainfall(mm)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tmax(°C)	27.0	27.0	28.0	28.0	28.0
Tmin(°C)	15.0	15.0	14.0	14.0	14.0
RH-I(%)	63	65	64	60	59
RH-II(%)	35	34	34	33	33
Wind Speed(kmph)	5	5	5	5	6
Wind Direction(Degree)	236	236	158	158	135
Cloud Cover(Octa)	0	0	0	1	0

### Weather Summary/Alert:

The district is likely to remain dry with clear to mainly cloudy sky. The wind speed will remain within 5.0 to 6.0 kmph up to next five days. The daily maximum temperature may range between 27.0°C to 28.0°C. The minimum temperature may rise between 14.0°C to 15.0°C. Relative humidity during morning may range between 59 to 65 percent and that during the afternoon may range between 33 to 35 percent.

### General Advisory:

Provide light irrigation to standing vegetables and crops during morning hours to prevent damage from fog, low temperature and moisture stress. Due to low night temperature and fog condition, there will be chance of infestation of sucking pests, leaf blight, powdery mildew in the Rabi crops and vegetables. Monitor the crops and vegetables, if symptoms are noticed, undertake appropriate plant protection measures. Carry out weeding, hoeing and other intercultural operations in Rabi vegetables. In Cole crops irrigation should be done at 7-8 Days interval depending upon soil moisture and weather condition. In winter during cold hours farmers should keep doors, windows and open spaces in cow sheds covered with polythene or gunny bag curtains to prevent direct contact to cold air. For maintaining the heat in the poultry shed during winter season, install heaters in the shed.

### SMS Advisory:

Use low cost polythene cover above the vegetables nursery to avoid poor germination due to low temperature.

### Crop Specific Advisory:

Crop (Stage)	Crop Specific Advisory
RICE	Soon after noticing the infestation of the stored grain insect pest, take up fumigation by using Aluminium phosphide (do not use in dwelling houses) tablets @ of 3 tablets/ ton grain (total 9 g of tablets) in fairly air tight containers or by covering with thick tarpaulin leaving no gaps. The tablets should be wrapped in cotton pouches before placing them in the stacks. All the corners of plastic cover should be plastered with 6- inch thick layer of mud/ adhesive tapes to prevent leakage of gas. Minimum exposure period is for about 7-10 days.
SUNFLOWER	Sunflower is a profitable rabi oilseed crop. Now the time is optimum for sowing of sunflower. Grow high yielding varieties like Morden, Sunrise, Surya and Hybrid varieties like KBSH-1, KBSH-3 and MSFH. Use 4 kg seeds/acre for high yielding varieties for rainfed condition, 3.5 kg for irrigated condition, 2-2.5 kg seeds/acre for hybrid varieties under rainfed condition and 1.5-2 kg seeds for irrigated condition. Before sowing treat the seeds with 2 g Carbendazim/kg seeds. To protect the crop from fungal wilt, treat the seeds with 4 g Trichoderma/kg. Soak the seeds for 10-12 hours for better germination. Use 600 g PSB culture per acre after draining out the

Crop (Stage)	Crop Specific Advisory
	water. Apply 2 ton FYM along with 8:16:12 kg NPK per acre for high yielding varieties and double of it for hybrid varieties before sowing. Sow the seeds 30 cm apart maintaining a row spacing of 45 cm for loamy soil and 60 cm for clayey soil.
MUSTARD	Optimum time for sowing of Rabi mustard has come, use varieties like T-9, PT-303, Nirmal black gold, ultra and 3-5 kg of seed for line sowing. Use 3 gram of Captan or Thiram per 1 kg of seed. Give spacing of 20*10 cm in late varieties and 30*10 cm in early sown varieties.

### Horticulture Specific Advisory:

Horticulture (Stage)	Horticulture Specific Advisory
TOMATO	Use yellow sticky traps @ 8-10/acre to attract and kill the insects. During primary stage of pest infestation spray neem-based pesticide (Azadirachtin) 1500 PPM @ 600 ml/acre by mixing in 200 litre of water. Spray Thiamethoxam 25 % WG @ 40 g/acre or Pyriproxifen 10% EC @ 200 ml/acre or Spiromesifen 22.9% SC @ 250 ml/acre by mixing in 200 litre of water.
CAULIFLOWER	To manage Diamond Back Moth install 6-8 nos of light traps per acre. During primary stage of pest infestation spray neembased pesticide (Azadirachtin) 300 PPM @ 1-litre/acre by mixing in 200-litre of water. Spray Tolfenpyrad 15 % EC @ 400-ml/acre or Flubendiamide 20 % WG @ 20-gram/acre or Emamectin Benzoate 5 % SG @ @80-gram/acre by mixing in 200-litre of water.
BRINJAL	To control Phomopsis Blight disease in Brinjal spray Metalaxyl 8%+ Mancozeb 64 % WP @ 400 gram/acre or Propineb 70 % WP @ 400-gram/acre.
OKRA/ LADYFINGER	To manage sucking pest like aphids, Jassids, thrips and whiteflies in Okra spray neembased pesticide (Neem Oil 1500 PPM Azadiractin @600-ml/acre by mixing it in 200-litre of water or install 8-10 Nos of Yellow sticky traps per acre to control the pest. Spray Thiamethoxam 25 % WG @ 40-gram/acre or Acetamiprid 20 % SP @ 50-gram/acre or Fenobucarb @ 400-ml/acre or Tolfenpyrad 15 % EC @ 400- ml/acre by mixing it in 200-litre of water when infestation is severe.
PAPAYA	To manage mealy bug at early stage of infestation spray neem-based pesticide (Neem Oil 1500 PPM @30- ml/10-litre of water or insecticidal soap. In case

Horticulture (Stage)	Horticulture Specific Advisory
	of severe infestation spray Profenphos 50 % EC @ 20-ml/10-litre of water or Thiamethoxam 25 % WG @ 3-gram/10-litre of water.
PUMPKIN	To manage fruit fly in cucurbits, prepare a poison bait by mixing 400- gram Jaggery and 8-ml Malathion or DDVP in 4-litre of water. Keep this mixture in Plastic cups or clay pots @80-nos/acre. The fruit flies will be attracted to this and eventually get killed by falling into the poison baits.

### Live Stock Specific Advisory:

Live Stock	Live Stock Specific Advisory
GOAT	Animal's shed and its floor should not remain wet and cool for longer periods of time. This may expose the animals, especially younger ones, to various ailments like pneumonia, fever, coccidiosis, diarrhoea and even death in severe case. Good ventilation must be ensured during winter.
COW	Provide proper shelter to the animals with proper ventilation facilities. Floor should be clean, dry and bedding with straw which act as insulation and prevention of heat loss. In winter season animal required high amount of food as temperature drops. Roughage should be given high amount to maintain the milk production. Maize, wheat and concentrate oil cakes @ 3 kg to the large animals such as Buffalo and cattle feeding helps in maintaining the body heat of the animals.

### Fisheries Specific Advisory:

Fisheries	Fisheries Specific Advisory
COMMON CARP	During winters, various fungal, bacterial and parasitic diseases may appear in the fish. Treat the pond with CIFAX @ 400 ml/acre just before the onset of winters. Also treat the pond with potassium permanganate @ 1-2 kg/acre or limestone @ 50-100 kg/acre. Salt application @ 100 kg/acre also helps in protecting fish against disease outbreak during winters.